The fourth from the chancel on the north side is devoted to Hosea, the Prophet of Love; and the parable of the Prodigal Son. Hosea stands in an attitude of compassion before a background of ruins from which grows a fruit tree (Chapter 2:15-23). Below is the symbol of Ezekiel's four living creatures, with the faces of the Man, the Lion, the Ox and the Eagle and the text, "Thou shalt know the Lord."

In the opposite panel the father of the Prodigal welcomes his repentent son who kneels before him. Below, the son tends swine. At the bottom is the text, - "My son is alive again".

Changes to be made in design: (5/1/58):Minister writes: "...In regard to panel No.5. and the New Testament figures: To us the difficulty here is in the fact that the main subjects are Our Lord as the Father and the Prodigal feeding the swine. The principals as we had the idea in mind were merely to depict the teaching of Our Lord through, for instance, parables and so this particular parable, the Prodigal Son. We had in mind something of the greeting for instance and we might quote "when he was a great way off his father saw him and had compassion and ran and fell on his neck and kissed him" or "bring forth the best robe and put it on him, put a ring on his hand and so on". Then in the symbol of it in order to bring out the sacramental rite of penitence there could be the penitent kneeling at a prie-dieu for instance waiting to hear the words of absolution. At the moment what we had in mind does not seem to be fulfilled in the present arrangement as we have described it the first part of this paragraph....Could something further be worked out in regard to this subject-matter?...)

"restudied the Prodigal Son panel, window #5...we have represented the scene of rejoicing upon the return of the Prodigal, - "Bring forth the best robe and put it on him." In the small medallion below the penitent son kneels at the prie-dieu..."

Note, 1960, Gerlach wrote: "Bars for vents were too long. Length should be 22" - 3/8" notch."