CHARLES J. CONNICK: DESIGNER AND WORKER IN STAINED AND LEADED GLASS: NINE HAR COURT STREET, BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

City or Town Albany,	State N.Y. No. 1246
	Date of 11
Church Saint James' Church,	Completion December 203, 1909,
Donor and Address	
Architect Maginnis & Walsh, Statler Bldg, Bosto	n. Glass 500.00 each.
Denomination and Minister Rev. Joseph A. Dunney, 391 Delawa:	re Avenue, Albany.
Footage8 1/2 square feet each opening.	
Ventilators in place.	Set by24
. 3 Pantistery Windows.	
Position in Church 5 Baptister allies as Protection Glass in place *	Groove Stone *** Rakhet Wood
Points of compass	The state of the s
Points of compass Quality of light 1 West - 1 East - 1 South. *	*
Father Dunney felt that they should be pla Inscription bronze - below the windows, or else	aced on metal plates - possibly
dimental in the stone sills	
directly in one prone pitto.	,
Design wanted at once.	Staging
Design wanted at once.	Blue-prints
Shipping address	
5	
Bill to ,	Templets
Photos of Cartoons Mailed	
General Information SXLXSOCTSXXXX Smedblx & Stegures XX	f::Saint::Zacharies;::Saint
Father Dunney is very fond of blue.	Plant Description
Subjects: Our Lady with the Christ Child &	as principal figure in central
window (Father Dunney had a little Swiss t	picture of a seated virgin notating
the Child needly in front of her in veit	and cloak - light overgarment and
blue undergarment which he liked). In	the window toward the street he wo
Tibe to represent Saint John the Baptist.	and in the opposite one his
Patron Saint Helen - similar in character	to the photograph he loaned of this which he thinks is very
wonderful. (The principal qualities of we	
emphasize is hair and complexion.	Below these figures he would.

For addresses of those to be notified as window progresses, see other side.

like significant incidents. Below Saint Helen he suggests her floating to Sweden on the stone slab, and the cliffs opening to receive her - or possibly her martyrdom or helping sufferers. His idea for the principal figures is dedication and holiness, and in the subjects below he seems to have a rough idea of attainment through sacrifice.

For the other windows we suggested Baptism of Christ for the Saint John the Baptist and the Presentation of the Young Christ in the Temple when Simeon took the Child in his arms. (These are to be approved).

\*\*The colors should be rich deep blue, jewel-like - keeping in mind the rose window. The windows get good light - one faces the street with no neaf obstruction - the central one is only about twelve feet from the two-story rectory, but receives a fairly good illumination, and the other one is well away from the transept wall.

\*\*\* Protection glass and vents remain - the vents are double-double, and there is an inside groove for the leaded windows. The present lines and paint in oil would have to be washed off the protection glass.

Father Dunney wrote "As regards the medallion, my thought was to have the three Baptisms (Water, desire and blood) represented in the stained glass. Saint Helen's medallion is taken care of because I think we can agree to the picture of St. Elin's spring, the cliff and the stone. Why not use for St. John the Baptist's medallion a picture of St. John looking through prison bars at Machaerus, the dungeon beyond the Dead Sea where John was put to death by Herod. You have seen the picture of Christ behind the bars; the title is "The World's Ingratitude." If you were to design St. John the Baptist in that way you would have a magnificent symbol of Baptism of Desire for St. John was the last prophet of the Old Dispensation whose life was the perfect life of Baptism of Desire. Then you could use under the Madonna and Child lancet either the Haptism of Christ by St. John (which, of course, would be giving us St. John three times) or the Baptism of the Eunuch by St. Philip which is the Baptism of Water. According to that then, we would have the following medallions:

John behind the prison bars - Baptism of Desire
Philip baptizing the Eunuch - Baptism of Water
Elin on Nord Sjaelland - Baptism of Blood." ...."I am rather
loath to exclude Mary Magdalen and the idea of Sacraments, after all, are only
the application of the merits of the Blood of Christ and that is why I am so anxious
to have Mary Magdalen under the Madonna picture and Calvary is the divine expression

Note: Instead of the present inscription with the Blessed Virgin, Father Dunney world like the one "Blessed is the fruit of thy womb". He thinks the three main medallions directly under the figures will be best.

of divine love."

Description of Design:

The principle figures represented in these three windows are the Blessed Virgin with the Holy Child in the central one, Saint John the Baptist at the left (east), and St. Helen of Sweden at the right (west).

St. John the Baptist bears the rustic crossed staff, and a symbol of the

water of Baptism in a form suggesting a shell.

Our Lady holds the Christ Child, whose halo is inscribed with the

Cruciform, traditionally reserved for Deaty.

St. Helen bears the martyr's Palm and is robed in the distinctive garments which further identify her. A pure limpid blue, color symbol of Divine contemplation and understanding, is the principle color of the garments of all three figures, together with a cool green for St.John the Baptist and St. Helen. Our Lady is distinguished by notes of pure white and gold. Through the field of deep ruby isxdiskinguishedxbyxnote around the figures wixin are flames of Heavenly Zeal. The pattern of the foliated border of gold and white is in brilliant contrast to the rich blue background.

The medallions below symbolize the three Baptisms of Desire, Water,

and Blood.

In the first window, St. John the Baptist, the last Prophetof the Old Dispensation, whose life was the perfect symbol of the Baptism of Desire, is represented in prison at Machaerus, the dungeon beyond the Dead Sea where he was put to death by Herod. A guard is suggested beyond the bars.

Beneath the Virgin and Child is the Baptism of the Eunuch by St.

Philip (the Baptism of Water).

Under St. Helen of Sweden, (Baptism of Blood) is a symbol of the miracles which occured when her body floated ashore, borne on the great stone

The stone bearing the imprint of her body, is suggested between the divided cliff, and also the miraculous fountain of water - St. Helen's Spring - which burst forth on Nord Siaelland, where her body was laid.