Crane's Material

1. Notes recorded in field are of following type:
from giver position ore string objects perceived, not always no med 4 , perhaps harding in given way, certain relationships or contrasts between objects are remarked. These may sur may mot bale early into prune contacts cate with same object,

- from successwe contacts with the same object, a sense of its character is built up
- from successive contacts with the same deject, the picture of it is cast differently according to the lighting, position of viewing it, the visual context in which it is seen.
- from given partitions, information is sought because it is needed, yet found to be masked or elusive.
- relationships between objects that are remarked can lead to a sense of hierarchal organization, such as Mass. Ave. (lower) belonging to South End and yet different $\&$ distinct.
- many evidences of general, continuous qualities vs. isolated "categories of one".
- evidences of the constants struggle to retain and memorize directions, positions, relationships.
- evidences of corrections E1 surprises from prior misconceptions.
- various pieces of positional and directional information derived from given objects or perceived
relations between objects.

2. Maps from memory
(1.) - starts with peninsula shape, Beacon Hill, Mass. Ave. and lines running EW along peninsula length, especially Back Bay \& So. End.

- then brings joining of 2 basic sets of $E-W$ sis. into the picture, reirsing Mass. Ave. bend.
- Then is preoccupied further with joining of So. End $E-W$ Sts with rail lines, Washington and Tremont. There struggles based on problem of resolving relation between Mass Ave; the Back Bay orient; the So. End oiventation and Commons area.
- finished product greatly concerned with 2 networks of lines (Back Bay \& So. End) as related to each other \& to Commona-Hardens and Beacon Hill complex - largely vacant in detail north $\frac{1}{4}$ east of the Commons \& Beacon/till, south $\frac{1}{\text { e east of Washington st. }}$
- superimposed on this pattern of lines, pants, and one or 2 areas is
- system of individually-distinctive elements Forthese) with types of locational \& positional info they descintrine give.
matilitatives - subdivision of city into general subareas luis for $\frac{1}{4}$ "floridness".
(2.) in sequence of biild-up, generally same early preoccupations as (1.), butt carried further with respect to lines $\sum_{1}$ networks of these in the downtown area, as far as state sot.
- greater richness 1 qu detail - points, lines, and areas than in (1)
- greater accuracy for city as a whole, as well as for individual parts
- greater precision of area boundaries
- no additional descriptive matter to show qualitatire bases for vividness.
(3.) - in sequence of biuldrys, generally same early preoccupations as in (1), buts in first 10 minutes, more is included - transverse relotions between Back Bay $\&$ So. End systems, the transverse ste. parallel to Winter-Summer, - gits more quickly to specific points, reference forms, areas.
- ditto (2) for quantity of detail, accuracy, definition of boundaries
- here, there is no overlay for indiuddually-distinctive elements and no supporting descriptive matter.

Kevin's Observation:

- memory, other aspects in Dober $\&$ Crane procedure not present -used base map -Therefore, most nearly comparable to Crane recorded notes in field-misht compare map \& written notes us a diagram - Importance here not sequence or accuracy but in absolute quality of structure $\frac{1}{4}$ individual importance of elements - Therefore, should be compared only on an objective map and only against the first-sespences of lines, points, and areas in Cranes anfatest mapping occasion.
- descriptive material for only those objects for which there is 3 -way concensus should be compared.

