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Engineering Note E-540

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Digital Computer Laboratory
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SUBJECT: A FAST CORE-TUBE REGISTER

To:

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From:

Kenneth H. Olsen, R. Pfaff

Date:

April 27, 1953

The circuit to be described was developed for use in MTC, but was not used for lack of time. It purpose is to serve as temporary storage thus taking the place of a flip-flop and two gate tubes.

A circuit diagram is given in Figure 1. The core of T, is a square-looped material. V<sub>1</sub> is used to write information into the core when hit by a "write" pulse. V<sub>2</sub> is used to read the information convained in the core. If a "l" is contained in the core a positive pulse appears at the catput. If the core contains a zero, a scall negative pulse appears to the output. Without the compensating network, R, and L<sub>1</sub>, and L<sub>2</sub>, and L<sub>3</sub>, and L<sub>4</sub>, and L<sub>4</sub>, and L<sub>5</sub> are compensating network, the results of catput pulses. The "L" cutput is slightly reduced but "O" output I and their cancelled out. In fact the "O" output may be slightly negative.

Figure 2 gives experiment. The output was photographed while natively. The photograph was the variations of this basic circuit sales.

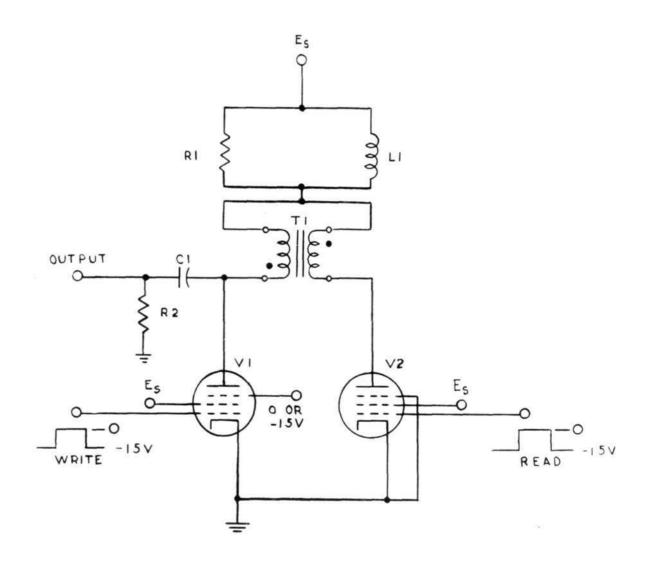
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These drawings should be attached to

your copy of Engineering Note E-540.

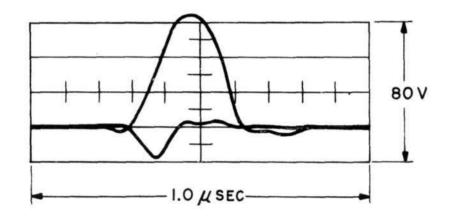
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## APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE. CASE 06-1104.



A FAST CORE-TUBE REGISTER

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 $V_1$ ,  $V_2 = 7AK7$ 

T<sub>I</sub> = 1/4 MIL, MO-PERMALLOY, 40 WRAP TOROID;
1/8 BOBBIN, EACH WINDING 30 TURNS.

R, = 10001

R2= 100 K

L, = 56 \( \mu \) H

 $C_1 = 56 \text{ MMFD}$ 

Es= 250 V

READ AND WRITE PULSES 15 V, 0.4  $\mu$  SEC WIDE.

FIGURE 2

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS